Unit 3—The Progressive Era

**Chapter 8.1**

1. What is progressivism? It was a response to what time period in history?
2. Who were considered “the Progressives”? What were their issues of concern?
3. The 4 Goals of Progressivism are:
4. **Foster Efficiency C. Protect Social Welfare**
5. **Promote Moral Improvement D. Create Economic Reform**

**Fostering Efficiency:**

1. How does the use of the assembly line increase efficiency?
2. Progressives used the examples of the **assembly line** and **business management** efficiency to guide them toward political efficiency.
3. What is a (direct) primary?
   1. Who (which governor) lobbied for this change?
   2. Why was this change desired?
4. This political reform led to others. Describe the following.
   1. Initiative b. Referendum c. Recall
5. What did the Progressive Amendments (16th, 17th, 18th, & 19th) allow/mandate?
   1. How are they examples of Progressivism?

**Promoting Moral Improvement**

1. What is **Prohibition**?And what was the intention behind this reform?
2. What is women’s suffrage?
3. Name 2 supporters/activists of women’s suffrage.

**Protecting Social Welfare**

1. What progressive actions were taken regarding child labor?
2. Name 2 current organizations whose roots were founded in the Progressive Era?
3. Illinois Factory Act:

**Creating Economic Reform**

1. What was the purpose of the Muckrakers?
2. Name 2 examples of government attempts at regulating big business.
   1. What problem(s) did they seek to solve?
3. Name 2 muckrakers and describe their work.

**Chapter 8.2**

1. Describe Teddy Roosevelt.
2. What was TR’s Square Deal?
3. How were the following significant to TR?
   1. “Trustbuster” b. 1902 Coal Strike c. Railroads (Hepburn Act)
4. What was the purpose of Upton Sinclair’s *The Jungle*? What was its effect?
5. How did the government address concerns about the content of *The Jungle*?
6. What is environmental conservation:
7. Why is TR considered to be our first conservationist president?
8. Explain why TR and Taft’s relationship changed from 1908 to 1912.
9. What are tariffs? What are the two purposes of a tariff?
10. What was the Payne-Aldrich Tariff’s purpose?
11. Who approved of this specific tariff? Who disapproved of it? Why (for each)?

**Chapter 8.3**

1. How was the Presidential Election of 1912 different from many previous elections?
2. Why was the Bull-Moose Party created?
3. Explain the following pieces of legislation created during Wilson’s administration:
   1. Underwood Tariff c. Federal Trade Commission Act
   2. Federal Reserve System (Fed. Reserve Act of 1913) d. Clayton Antitrust Act
4. Did the Progressive Movement address religious or racial discrimination? Why/Why not?