1. Productivity – how much and how fast you can produce something in a factory
2. Exports – products that are shipped out of the country
3. Wages – money that someone earns for working
4. Industrialists – the owners of factories and businesses; they are very wealthy
5. Labor – workers; employees
6. Profit – extra money that is made after the cost of production is paid
7. Reform – a change (usually for good)
8. Reformer – someone who tries to bring about change for good
9. Migration – moving from one place to another
10. Regulate – to monitor or watch over to make sure something is being done properly
11. Federal Government – the national government in Washington D.C.
12. Enacting – to make something happen (usually a law)
13. Environmental – referring to nature
14. Monetary/Fiscal – dealing with money
15. Economics – a science that deals with money, trade, and business.
16. Government – the collective group of people and institutions (President, Congressmen, etc…) that run the country
17. Social – things dealing with society and the welfare (taking care of) humans (education, church, culture, poverty, etc…)
18. Political – dealing with the workings of government
19. Sentiment – feeling; attitude towards something
20. Hostility – not liking something
21. Discrimination – treating someone negatively because of their race, gender, culture, or other feature.
22. Civil Rights – rights given by the government (vote, due process, etc…)
23. Subsidies – monetary (money) help given by the government to a specific business
24. Agriculture – farming
25. Immigration – moving from one country to another
26. Immigrant – a person who moves from one country to another
27. Trend – pattern
28. Foreign – something or someone from a different place
29. Corporation - a business
30. Diversity – having many differences
31. Opponents – people who are against something or someone
32. Proponents – people who support something or someone
33. Resident – a person who lives somewhere
34. Innovation – a new idea or invention
35. Sanitation – dealing with making stuff clean (toilets/plumbing, cleaning the streets, etc…)
36. Policy – dealing with laws
37. Culture – customs and traditions of a group of people (religion, music, food, clothing, etc…)
38. Segregation – separation
39. Abundant – plenty
40. Assumption – believing something is true without questioning it
41. Surplus – more than you need
42. Restriction – not allowing something
43. Goods – products that are sold
44. Consistent – doing the same thing the same way over and over again
45. Poverty – poor
46. Corruption – taking advantage of something (government) or someone
47. Employ – use; or hire
48. Analysis – examining something to figure it out
49. Disgruntled – upset
50. Prejudice – judging someone based on their race, religion, etc…
51. Integrate – to bring together
52. Ethnic – dealing with a certain race or culture
53. Protestant – a Christian who is not Catholic
54. Nationality – where someone is from